CLOSING RATES Yesterday of cotton and gold: Liverpool cotton, 6 1-4d. Memphis cotton, 10 1-4c. New Orleans cotton, 10 5-8c. New York cotton 11 1-16c. New York gold, 102.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CH. Sig. OFFICE, WASHINGTON, February 6. 1 B.ID. For the East Gulf States, Tennessee and Ohio valley and lower lake region warmer clear or partly cloudy weather, followed by increasing cloudiners, southerly winds, and stationary or falling barometer.

OBSERVATIONS YESTERDAY. WAR DEP'T, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY, TUKSDAY, February 5, 1878, 10:08 p.m. lace of Wind. Wes Bar. Ther. Wind. S.E. Fresh. Clear.
S.E. Brisk. Falr.
S.E. Gentle. Clear.
S.E. Fresh. Clear.
S.E. Light. Clear.
S.E. Fresh. Clear.
S.E. Fresh. Clear.
S.E. Fresh. Clear.

MISSISSIPPI.

W. M. M'ELROY, Sergeant.

Important Business Considered in Both Houses of the Legislature - The Compton Investigation-Oxford University.

Illness of a Prominent Banker-An Oc casional Correspondent Furnishes a Synoptical Review of the Week's Legislation.

Special to the Appeal. JACKSON, February 5,-The senate debated the bill in regard to an act to prevent the sale of lands by tax-collectors without notice, without final action.

night sessions; also, a resolution of inquiry as to how many students there are at the Oxford university from other States who are not paying tuition; and also, as to the amount paid by the State for the law department of the university, and the amount paid for tuition by students, and a resolution to adjourn sine die on February 22d. The remainder of the day was taken up in

ommittee of the whole on the salary bill.

The house is to-night considering the repeal or amendment of the agricultural lien

work, and many rich developments are ex-Mr. Thomas Green, a banker of thirty ears standing in this city, is very ill, with

ittle hopes of his recovery. A REVIEW OF THE WEEK an Occasional Correspondent of the Appeal. Jackson, Miss., February 4.—The week that is now past has been spent by our legis ture, with a few interruptions, in working apon the fee bills, relating mostly to the offiers of the circuit and chancery courts. The oius of the average Mississippi legislator of to day, is to reduce the pay and perquisites of everybody that depends on his will for the daily bread of himself and family. Beecher, Farrar and others, have destroyed our belief in brimstone and his satanic insjesty, but a new devil has been born in Mississippi whose rampant stride toward dominion over the nowers that be, menace all the dignity and esirability of every official position in the advent of the Herculean infant as he lifted weight after weight from our oppressed peo-ple, and lightened the bardens of rich and but the aspiring politician has narnessed to his car the tremendous and growing energies of the demon, and in head-'neath hoof and heel. Does a conscientious member, urged by his instincts of right and wrong, or his consciousness that the limit of propriety is being passed, venture to oppose any measure of reform, a cry is raised for the voring the remonetization of the silver dolors. Senator Conkling presented a petition favoring the remonetization of the silver dolors. propriety is being passed, venture to oppose any measure of reform, a cry is raised for the any measure of reform, a cry is raised for the lar, and increasing its weight so as to make it equal in value to the gold dollar; making it a legal-tender to the amount ne symptoms that seem to indicate that thought and vote is exhibited. A move was

well afford to spend money freely where it would do so much good. Fate may not be so kind to the State as to always furnish us with so trustworthy a legislature, and it is not well us to lead our successors into temptation. and as Memphis has a lien, so to speak, on Panola county, it may interest your readers to learn that there are two bills before the use to divide the county into two judicial The chief point of difference be tween the bills is that one proposes to make an arbitrary division and take considerable territory from the north side of the river, hile the other proposes to make the Talla-atchie the dividing line and leave the whole

force these great corporations into politics

ould not well be devised. Any road so un-

ortunate as to come within the scope of its provisions could not afford to be unrepre-ented both in the lobby and on the floor of

eting of the legislature, and could

THE BRITISH CORN TRADE.

matter to a vole of the people. It is not hard to see which way right and justice lean. More

H. A. M.

The Condition Generally Favorable, but very Little Improvement in Values — Political Influences Still Affect Trade.

The Mark Lane Express says: Although still upon a limited scale the offerings of Euglish wheat has been more liberal than of late in the country markets, but supplies at Mark Lane were again small. The condition of grain marketed has, however, undergone some improvement, although nerther better condition or grain marketed has, however, undergone some improvement, although nerther better condition nor light supplies have tended to ward in provement of value. In spite of the pacific runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the week, political influences are still parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the committee of the parafolic runorse current at the commencement of the commencement of the committee of the parafolic runorse current at the favor of higher prices would be severe. The inquiry for maize has fallen off. Prices have given way again as supplies have been good. may, however, be remarked that the decline has less affected old than new corn, which has been arriving in a somewhat inferior condition. Barley and oats have been equally dull, but there has been rather more inquiry for beans, with few arrivals at the ports of call. The floating cargo trade has ruled very quiet for wheat throughout the week, and values closed in buyers' favor.

Is IT possible to dispense with enormous iressmaker's bills, and, at the same time, be Andrews' Bazar answers this question in the for sample copy.

Paris dispatch states that at a meeting of the committee of inquiry into the depresshowing that the progress of industry in the United States had compelled Great Britain to ask a larger outlet for her goods in France.

This silver question was not an issue between productive effort and fixed capital. The simple truth was that the people of the west and trusted friend. Price, 25

WASHINGTON.

The Japanese Minister's Reception an Elegant Affair, and Largely Attended -Wallace's Long Bond Bill-Interesting Matters Before the Various Committees.

Congressional Proceedings-The Northern Chinese Relief Petition Discussed in the Senate-Silver Petitions-Various Bills Presented, and the Silver Discussion

The Memphis Mississippi River Bridge

Bill Up in the House—The Mississippi River Bridge
Bill Up in the House—The Mississippi Pi Lumber Troubles Discussed, and the Special Session of the Circuit Court Granted.

Washington, February 5.—The card reception of the Japanese minister and his wite, last night, was an elegant affair. The foreign legations were largely represented, also Ex-Ministers Davis and Schenck, affinister Foster, together with the members of the Cabinet, judges of the supreme court, members of congress, and other prominent personages, all accompanied by ladies.

Wallace's lond bond bill, as amended and livelve and a half grains. The bullion so received may be coined by the government of the United States of not less than one hundred dollars each, computing a dollar at four hundred and twelve and a half grains. The bullion so received may be coined by the government, such certained in the treasury for the payment of such certificates, on presentation at the treasury where issued. If the bullion so deposited shall be coined by the government, such certained in the treasury for the payment of such certificates, and twelve and a half grains. The bullion so received may be coined by the government, such certained in the treasury for the payment of such certificates, on presentation at the treasury where issued. If the bullion so received may be coined by the government, such certained in the treasury for the payment of the United States or retained in the treasury for the payment of such certificates, shall be coined

Wallace's lond bond bill, as amended and reported to-day, directs the secretary to issue one hundred millions of dollars of coupon bonds of denominations of twenty-five, fifty and one hundred dollars, and of equal sums of each of such denominations redeemable in coin after fifty years from the date of their coin after lifty years from the date of their issue, and bearing interest payable semi-annually in coin at the rate of 3.65 per cent. per annum. These bonds are to be in lieu of the same amount of four per cent. bonds authorized by the fact of July 14, 1870, and, like them, are to be exempt from taxation. The new bonds are to be offered for sale at the different sub-treasuries and its depositories at par and accrued interest for coin or for United States legal-tender notes at current market. States legal-tender notes at current market valuation, and the proceeds are to be applied to the redemption of any outstanding United States bonds bearing a higher rate of

COMMITTEE WORK. The committee on ways and means to-day commenced the consideration of the tariff bill. They will hold two more meetsit daily. The friends of the bill say there is every probability that it will become a law. Mr. Wood thinks the bill will be disposed of and reported to the house this month. The house committee on naval affairs have agreed to report favorably on Mr. Whit-thorne's bill, which provides for certain esti-mates of the navy department to be given in detail, in addition to the estimates required by section 3636 revised statutes.

Congressional Proceedings. IN THE BENATE. Senator Conkling presented petitions of a arge number of citizens of many counties of New York in favor of remonetization of

Senator Conkling presented a petition, signed by a large number of prominent citzens of New York, in regard to the famine and suffering in northern China, and suggesting that a commission be appointed from the residents of China to act in connection with the United States minister in procuring what distributing relief. They also suggest that the unexpended balance of the money received from China in 1856 be used to relieve the sufferest. Referred. Senator Conkling said he had received a large number of petitions from many counties in New York in favor of the remonetiza-tion of silver. He observed that these peti-tions were all printed in one and the same long and reckless career toward coveted posi-tion cares but little for the victims crushed form, and were the product of an organized the subdued member subsides and meekly votes contrary to his convictions. There are Senator Bailey presented a memorial to the merchants of Nashville favoring the repeal of

many good men are growing restless under the act of February 12, 1873, prohibiting the bis system, and more independence of coinage of the silver dollar. thought and vote is exhibited. A move was made yesterday to subject any railroad in this State which may happen to change owners to the liability of having its freight rates and tariff tinkered with and fixed for it by lacislature of the State which might see lacislature of the State which might see during the late war. Referred.

do it now, and not wait for the report of any international commission. Believing that the stamping of silver by the government as money appreciated its value, he would make the silver dollar consist of four hundred and forty grains. He therefore moved to amend bill by striking out four hundred and twelve and a half grains, and inserting in-stead four hundred and forty grains. Ordered

Senator Eaton continued in opposition to the pending bill. He was followed by Senator Howe, favoring the remonetization of silver because it was an American product and dressmaker's bills, and, at the same time, be appareled in a handsome, tasteful manner? he could not legislate against it. He spoke of the attempts to demonstrate silver as a conaffirmative to the satisfaction of the most sceptical. Its patterns and illustrations, diquestion for congress was, should the United spiracy, and said a large part of Europe was the best advantage at a very small outlay.
Send 10 cents to W. R. Andrews, Cincinnati, for sample course to W. R. Andrews, Cincinnati, effort to blast thirty the constraint of the United States become a party to the conspiracy? effort to blast thirty-three per cent. of the means of our people to pay their debt. He then referred to the needs of the west, and said that section had fewer millionaires than the east, and fewer paupers as a consequence.

OUR CAPITAL LETTER.

believed some of the east were trying to alter the contract made by the government in the sale of bonds, and they objected to it. If they were in error, they might be convinced; but they could not be convinced by the abuse from suborning papers to missepresent them, or hiring caricaturists to make faces at them. They could not be convinced of any error, because they were right. In his opinion, it was the duty of the government to give notice to the world that it would not be a party to this enterprise, to shrivel one of its products by clinging to a single standard. It had been said that the President would veto the bill. He [Howe] would not believe it unless he heard so from the President himself. The commercial integrity of the country never could survive that time when the government undertook to wrest from the pockets of the people more than they agreed to pay. The Time Draws Near when the Great American Fraud will be Thoroughly Ventilated and Exposed-The Big and Little Villains Eager to Wash Out.

The Returning-Board Infamy of Louisi ana to be Laid Bare and All Participants Punished and Made Expeople more than they agreed to pay.

Senator Thurman then took the floor with the understanding that he would proceed with his remarks to-morrow.

Senator Teller submitted the following amendment: "That the holders of silver bullion may deposit with the treasurer or any assistant-treasurer of the United States, such silver bullion in amounts of not less than one amples against any Future Similar At-

The Pacific Railway Muddle Still Unset

IN THE HOUSE.

The bill to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river at Memphis was taken up, briefly discussed, and referred to the committee of the whole on the state of the union they run afoul of each other with amazing disregard for the truth and the treaty stipulations which they entered into in the happy days of the conspiracy at Welcher's. Sherman and Mathews deny any contract, but Foster admits that there was a tacit understanding, amounting to a contract, which the Democrats signed, by way of attesting to each other and leave no doubt for future reference. That conference and agreement grew out of Charley Foster's speech, in which he repeated the words put into his mouth by a Memphis editor, that "the flag should fly over States and not over provinces." Caught state of the union.

Mr. Knott, from the judiciary committee, reported back the bill introduced yesterday by Mr. Hooker, authorizing the holding of

essions and statements of the criminals and

the persuaded participants should be en-couraged until responsibility for the crime is fastened upon the guilty ones beyond doubt, and they have been sentenced as they de-serve. The returning-board infamy of Louis-iana must be laid bare, and all who aided or abetted it must be punished. Examples against any future attempts is this same direc-tion must be made. To make them and resch

tion must be made. To make them and reach

all who should be pilloried and punished a congressional investigation must be had. In

personal abuse and vituperation which, if the half of it was to be believed, both gentle-men would be driven from the committee-room and their bills unanimously reported

against. Fortunately for our section there

the great valley of its purpose, to report a bill to the house embracing all of the better and stronger features of Casay Young's bill,

but reducing the appropriation to twelve or fifteen millions. That such a bill will pass

THE POLK INVESTIGATION.

ces of the house. He was compelled to yield

office-holders with positions as comfortable

THE MARSHALSHIP,

there is a very strong probability.

by Mr. Hooker, authorizing the holding of special terms of the circuit court, for the southern district of Mississippi, at Scranton, Jackson county, on the second Monday in March, for the trial of causes arising out of alleged depredations on government lands and cutting of logs and timber thereon. He explained the object of the bill was to afford the accused parties a speedy, convenient and cheap trial, which they could not otherwise have if objection were made; that this trial of the cases in the immediate vicinity of the accused would lead to impaneling jurors whose sympathies would be with the defendants. The answer to that was that the court might direct the summoning of jurors from other parts of the district. Mr. Hooker described the utter prostration of the court might direct the summoning of jurors from other parts of the district. Mr. Hooker described the utter prostration of the court might direct the summoning of jurors from other parts of the district. Mr. Hooker described the utter prostration of the court might direct the summoning of jurors whose sympathies would be with the defendants. The answer to that was that the court might direct the summoning of jurors from other parts of the district. Mr. Hooker described the words put into his mouth by a Memphis editor, that "the flag should fly over States and not over provinces." Caught by this glittering generality, that then had no more than the unsubstantial basis of a dream, a few southern Democrats, fearing the result by this glittering generality, that then had no more than the unsubstantial basis of a dream, a few southern Democrats, fearing the result by this glittering generality, that then had no more than the unsubstantial basis of a dream, a few southern Democrats, fearing the result by this glittering generality, that then had no more than the unsubstantial basis of a dream, a few southern Democrats, fearing the result by this glittering generality, that then had no more than the unsubstantial basis of a dream, a few southern Democrats, in which he said: "Assure any of our south-ern friends that I am impressed with the necessity of a complete change of men and policy." This assurance was the bird-lime which caught the game and brought acquiescence in the gigantic Hooker described the utter prostration of business which had attended the seizure of the lumber mills in that region, the aggregate business of which amounted to some four million dollars a year. They had all been stopped through the action of the government, and vesels engaged in the carrying trade there had been left idle, or had gone wrong. Assurance of a change of men, of office for the facile few who, in the Demo-Assurance of a change of men, into other business. cratic ranks, set higher value upon place than principles. This was the first of the terms. The second was that the provinces Mr. Frye, member of the judiciary committee, advocated the bill. Mr. Foster opposed the bill as being in the interest of the timber thieves. They were no better than any other kind of thieves, and it terms. The second was that the provinces should become States. Hayes attempted to carry into effect the first stipulation, and appointed Key, Fitzsimons and Waldron to offices; but his party said this was not right, the claims of the Republicans are first to be considered, and he must confine himself to their limits for office-holders. Foiled in his

might as well be proposed to have the courts for the trial of the whisky thieves removed to the distilleries. There was just as much sense in one proposition as in the other. Mr. Stephens suggested that the officers of the government could not possibly complain of the bill. They could ask nothing else than a speedy and fair trial and justice. Mr. Reed asked Mr. Knott whether it was attempt to make a new party and reward his Democratic allies, it is creditable to him that he withdrew the troops from South Carolina and Louisiana, and so far adopted the policy of the Democratic party. Getting the office not a universal principle of law to remove a trial from places where excitement existed, and whether this bill did not, in defiance of Anderson's trial at New Orleans—he could not afford to do otherwise than give preference to the will of the majority as it had been expressed for Tilden at the ballot-box. But that principle, propose to move these cases for triat to the very place where the disturbing causes existed.

Mr. Knott replied that the United States court had the right to remove the trial of this ready deference to the wishes of the peo-ple should not be accepted in condemnation of the crime by which Chandler, Sherman Garfield and Mathews made him President.

silver bullion in amounts of not less than one

ever. Ordered printed.

criminal causes near to the vicinage of the crime, and in several circuits the same right Therefore the trials at New Orleans, the con-Finally the bill passed-yeas, 139; nays,

SAD ACCIDENT.

The Reckless Use of Firearms Causes the Death of a Most Estimable Citizen in a Few Minutes.

Yesterday morning a negro named James congressional investigation must be had. In Smith called at the county jail to see a friend who is a prisoner there. Smith was met by to the Conkling or Welcher conspiracies, or W. Dawson at the gate and words that worst one which in Louisiana dispassed. Smith made some insulting remark, when Dawson slapped his face. Smith then ran to the gate, and, going out, cursed Dawson, who, becoming incensed, drew his pistol and fired at the fleeing man. The ball sped Senator Ferry, from the committee on postoffices and postroads, reported with amendment the senate bill to regulate the compensation of postmasters, and for other purposes.

Placed on calendar.

Senator Butler, from the same committee,
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Senator Butler, from the same committe reported favorably on the house joint resolu-tion to authorize the secretary of war to issue certain arms to the Washington light infant-ry of Charleston, South Carolina. Placed on smashed a pane of glass in the grocery door, and pierced the heart of Cornelius Grifcalendar.
Senator Hamlin, from the committee on foreign relations, reported, with an amendment, the house bill to further suspend the operations of section 5574 of the revised statutes in relation to the Guano islands.
Placed on the calendar.

Senators Howe and Davis [Ill.] presented petitions of the masters, pilots, mates, engineers, and others, of the United States, praying that an amendment to the lawin relation to the employing of pilots so as to require applicants to take the oath of allegiance before receiving license, and also to satisfy the inspector that they have resided in the United States. Referred.

Seator Wallace, from the committee on finance, reported, with amendments, the bill into his wife's arms, said: "Oh, Katie! I'm shot!" I'm shot!" By this time the blood was flowing from his heart, for the bullet had struck a fatal point, and his wife gently laid him on the floor. Mr. Griffin was already speechless, and his terrified wife gave a piercung scream, which attracted a number of neighbors to the said accident to Jeffen and Jeffen and Jeffen and Jeffen and Jeffen are gentlemen here who are only waiting and watching for an opportunity to present a measure that will unite the best parts of all watching for an opportunity to present a measure that will unite the best parts of all watching for an opportunity to present a measure that will unite the best parts of all watching for an opportunity to present a measure that will unite the best parts of all the bills—including those of Scott and Huntingdon—in one that is believed will pass. There can be no doubt that two-thirds of the members of the house favor the construction of a Southern Pacific railroad, but most of the matter? Has your watch measure that will unite the best parts of all the bills—including those of Scott and Huntingdon—in one that is believed will pass. There can be no doubt that two-thirds of the members of the house favor the outset was flowing from his heart, for the bullet had struck a fatal point, and his wife gently laid him

Wells is still in jail at New Orleans. His trial comes up in March. The Academy of Music, in Chicago, was The POLK INVESTIGATION.

The telegraph has informed your readers of the charges of irregularity in the case of the doorkeeper of the house. They rest upon the affidavits of two discharged employes, whose places were demanded by members who had no representation in the distribution of the officers. estroyed by fire yesterday. The lower part of the city of Sacramento was yesterdyy inundated by the flood in Sac-

Argument by counsel was begun in the

Anderson returning-board trial at New Oreans yesterday. It is rumored that the sheriff of Lee county, Mississippi, is a defaulter to the amount of forty thousand dollars. The medical societies and schools of Louisville yesterday adopted a resolution relative to the death of Dr. L. P. Yandell. The funeral was largely attended. The friends of Ex-President Lerdo intend to support him for president of Mexico at the next election. The names of Vallarta and Romero are also mentioned in the same con-

the rulings of the speaker, the de-mands of members and the pressure of the office-holders, life has been made a burden the President says, will be decided in a few

days. A fred G. Tuther's name was sent to the Prey lent by the attorney-general, but the pressire for other candidates is so great that Mr. Hayes deemed it best to hold back the appointment until all the counties were heard from. Besides Tuther, there are, as candidates, Garrett, who is here working up his own case; Pat Winters, Nunn, of Brownsville; Shipman, of Bolivar; Perkins, of Jackson; Eldridge, who was formerly attorney-general of Shelby county; Conn, who, I believe, used to be connected with the Charleston railroad; Guy Patrick, J. J. Sears, John Fleming, C. H. Wilcox and R. C. Daniel. Garrett and Tuther are said to have the inside track, and either can be confirmed by the senate. Much of the influence exerted to defeat Waldron's nomination is thrown in the scales for either, and can be concentrated

the scales for either, and can be concentrated THE APPOINTMENT which everybody, not only in Memphis and Tennessee, but throughout the south, desired Mr. John S. Toof to have, has, I learn, been given to an ex-congressman from Georgia. The petitions of cotton exchanges, boards of trade and other commercial bodies does not weigh with the civil-service President as much as sympathy for an ex-congressman out of place and tled—Money's Levee Resolution—
The Polk Investigation—The
Tennessee Marshalship
—Names of Appilcants, Etc.

Special Correspondence of the Appeal.]

Washington, February 3.—Every day brings us nearer to the truth in regard to the fraud by which Tilden and the people were robbed of the Presidency. Chandler's confession, in his letter of December 26th, has aroused the big and little villains who fathered, and the good-easy patriots who were unwittingly drawn into participation in the great crime. They are all eager to clear their skirts, but, as is usual in such cases, they run afoul of each other with amazing disregard for the truth and the treaty stipulations which they entered into in the happy days of the conspiracy at Welcher's. Sherman and Mathews deny any contract, but Foster admits that there was a tacit under-

lieve that the cotton men of our city could not do a more generous thing than commission him as their representative to the French capital. He would be a ready respondent to all inquiries after information about Memphis and the surrounding country, the growth and sales of cotton, facilities for shipment, and the mode of doing business, which has, through the cotton dealers, won for Memphis an enviable distinction as the largest interior cotton mart of the country. He might be specially commissioned by the State and the city, and so make his appearance among the other accredited agents from the United States as one honored by special trusts.

PERSONAL. Major John D. Adams has gone over to New York, but will return by Monday, when I will interview him in regard to the charges which have appeared in the New York Sun against him, and which formed the basis for the difficulty between him and Mr. Reeside.
Senator Harris has been confined to his room for the past eight days, most of the time in bed, very ill. I am happy to be able to assure his friends that he is getting better, and that, in a few days at farthest, he will be in his seat again.

Boston howls on account of the loss of her

DIED.

TROUT—On the evening of the 4th inst., after years of patient suffering, TROMAS TROUT, in the 79th year of his age. Funeral this (WEDNESDAY) morning, at Calvary Church, at 10:30 o'clock. Services by Revs. Drs. White and Harris. Friends of the family are in GRIFFIN-At 1012 o'clock a.m., February 5, 1878, Mr. Connelius Griffin, in the 45th year of his age.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence 26 Front street, this (WEDNESDAY) afternoon ELIA SCOTT LODGE, No. 289, will hold its stated communication this (WEDNESDAY) evening, Feb. 6th, at 71½ o'clock, for dispatch of business.

All M. M.'s are fraternally invited.

By order

R. A. LYTLE, Secretary.

R. A. LYTLE, Secretary.

R. A. LYTLE, Secretary. Notice of Dissolution.

THE connection of Mr. Julius Kuhn with our firm as a partner ceased, by the terms of the agreement, on 1st February, 1878.

MENKEN BROTHERS

Goepel & Co., No. 375 MAIN STREET. HOW TO TILL THE SOIL.

A NEW system of cultivation, which saves 100

Der cent, in labor in production, gives an increase in crop and better preserves the land; simplifies farming, makes it easy and renders it profitable. It tells you what to do, and how to do it: 36 years experience in farming. Now in press, and will be ready for delivery the 18th inst. Send 50 cents and procure a copy, postpaid. A liberal discount to the trade. All papers noticing above will receive a copy. Address

Oakland, Yallobusha county, Miss.

Election Notice.

HE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Memphis Gas Light Company will eld at the office of the company, 42 Madison Memphis, Tenn., On Friday, March 1, 1878, to elect Seven (7) Directors to serve the company to ensuing year. Election from 10 a m. to 2 p.m. JOSEPH CRAIG, Secretary. Dissolution of Partnership.

The copartnership heretofore existing between Wm. Frank and H. Bejach, under the firm name of WM. FRANK & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, H. Bejach retiring. The business will be continued at the old stand, No. 249 Main Street.

under the same firm name, by WW. FRANK.
who assumes all the liabilities of the old firm, and
is alone authorized to sign the firm name in liquidation.
Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 1, 1878. H. BEJACH.

ON THE 9th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1878, At 11 o'clock a.m., by order of United States Dis trict Court, will be sold Five to Ten Horses, at McCULLFR'S STABLES, 281 Third street, to the Election of Directors.

OFFICE MERCHANTS INSURANCE COMPANY, Memphis, Tenn., February 1, 1878. THE annual election of Nine Directors for the Company will be held at Company's Office, On Monday, February 11, 1878. from 10 o'clock a.m. to 3 o'clock p.m. By order of the Board. WM. GAY, Secretary.

Creditor's Notice. Creditor's Notice.

No 310, R. D.—In the Probate Court of Shelby county, Tennessee—Emma S. Hildebrand, Adm'x of John I. Hildebrand, deceased, vs. Lena R. Hildebrand et al.

It appearing from the original bill in this cause that this is a proceeding instituted for the purpose of winding up and settling the estate of John I. Hildebrand, deceased, as an insolvent estate, in the Probate Court of Shelby county, Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered, That all persons having claims against said estate make their appearance herein, at the courthouse of the said Probate Court, in Mempalis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in May, 1878, and file their claims and have themselves made parties hereto, or they will be for ever barred, both in law and equity, and this cause proceeded with exparte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Dally Appeal. This February 5, 1878.

A copy—attest.

JAMES REILLY, Clerk. and did what he could to satisfy the displaced volunteering to make up to them the differ-ence in salary. This was his mistake. When the change was made necessary, he should have allowed things to take their course and discharged himself of all responsibility for it. He would have saved himself a world of trouble and much misrepresentation. The place of doorkeeper, at the best, is an unenviable one. Since Colonel Polk has occupied it, it has been made for him a little hell. What between JAMES REILLY, Clerk.

CATARRH.

The following Cure is probably the most re markable ever effected by any medical preparation for the treatment

Gentlemen.—I hereby certify that I have had Catarris for ten years, and for the last six years have been a terrible sufferer. I was rendered partially deaf, had buzzing in the head, pains across the temple, dizzy spells, weak and paintal eyes, swollen and ulcerated tonsils, hard and constant cough, severe pain across the chest, and every indication of consumption. My head ached all the time. The matter accumulated so rapidly in my head and throat that I could not keep them free. Frequently at hight I would spring out of bed, it seemed to me, at the point of suffocation. I would then have recourse to every means in my power to dislodge the macus from my throat and head before being able to sleep again. For a period of six years my tonsils were ulcerated and so much inflamed that I could with difficulty awallow. I finally consulted an eminent surgeon in regard to an operation on them, but at his request postponed it. The constant inflammation and ulceration is my throat caused by the poisonous matter dropping down from my head had so irritated and inflamed my lungs that I coughed incessantly.—a deep, hard cough. Meanwhile my system began to show the effects of this disease, so that I loot fiesh, grew pale, and showed every symptom of an early death by consumption. When matters had reached this stage, or abent six months ago, I began the use of Sanvorn's Radical Curz for Catarria. After being the first bottle I began to improve rapidity. The first does seemed to clear my head as I had not known it to be for years. It seemed gradually to arrest the discharges. It stopped my cough in three devs. By using it as a gargie I soon reduced the inflammation and swelling of my tonsils, so that they soon ceased to trouble me. The soreness across my chest disappeared, the buzzing noises in my head ceased, my senses of seeing and of hearing were completely restored, and overy symptom of disease that have been thus explicit because, as a druggist. I have seen a great deal of suffering from Catarri, and hope to convince many tha of Catarrh!

SETH J. THOMAS, Justice of the Peace Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhal-ing Tube, with full directions for use in all cases. Price, 81.90. For saie by all Wholesaie and Retail Druggists throughout the United States. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesaie Druggists, Boston, Mass.

Affords the most grateful relief in all Af-

fections of the Chest and Lungs. CHRONIC PLEURISY CURED

which, to my great surprise, relieved the pain and soreness aimost immediately, and I have been able to attend to my household affairs ever since with perfect ease and comfort, whereas, before the application of your invaluable Flaster, I was scarcely able to do anything. I consider them inestimable, and shall with pleasure recommend them to the afflicted. Yours respectfully, Mrs. FRANCES HARRIMAN, ORLAND, Me., April 2t, 1876. There is no medical or protective appliance that will prove so grateful and effective in Tickling Coughs Irritation and Screness of the Chest and Lungs. We believe them capable of preventing serious diseases of

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Be careful to obtain Collins' Voltato Plaster, combination of Electric or Voltaic Plates with a highly Medicated Plaster, as seen in the above cut. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

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Is made of the very best New York State Buckwheat, pure and fresh. Is always ready, gives no trouble, makes good cakes in FIVE MINUTES TIME,

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No Charge for draying it from the fiver, of Belivery of same to your merchant, the Seed
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are prepared to do Better Work, Make a
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THOMAS CASEY B. H. CARBERY. CARBERY & CASEY,

Importers and Wholesale Liquor Merchants, Nos. 347 Front street, Memphis, Tenn.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership, under the firm name of Cubbins, Gunn & Fagan, for the purpose of carrying on the Foundry and Machine Business in Memphis, at the old stand of Cubbins & Gunn. This the ninth day of January, 1878.

JOHN CUBBINS. JOHN GUNN. WM. N. FAGAN, formerly Foreman Union Iron Works.

Union Iron Works, Nos. 163 to 171 Adams street, FOUNDRY&MACHINE SHOP

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DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, Etc.

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